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FISCAL IMPACT STATEMENT

LS 6044

BILL NUMBER: SB 77

NOTE PREPARED: Nov 13, 2009

BILL AMENDED:

SUBJECT: State Payment of Certain Local Borrowing Costs.

FIRST AUTHOR: Sen. Deig

FIRST SPONSOR:

BILL STATUS: As Introduced

FUNDS AFFECTED: X **GENERAL**
DEDICATED
FEDERAL

IMPACT: State & Local

Summary of Legislation: This bill provides for the reimbursement by the state of borrowing costs of a taxing unit in a county if: (1) the Department of Local Government Finance ordered a reassessment of real property for the assessment date in 2006; (2) the billing of property taxes in the county in 2007 was late; and (3) as a result, the taxing unit had to borrow for current operations. It appropriates money from the state General Fund to pay claims for reimbursement.

Effective Date: Upon passage.

Explanation of State Expenditures: The Department of Local Government Finance (DLGF) shall review each local taxing unit's claim for reimbursement. If the claim is approved, the taxing unit would be reimbursed from the state General Fund. Under this bill, sufficient funds would be appropriated in FY 2010 to pay all claims. Estimates indicate that the total payment to the local taxing units for interest costs incurred would be approximately \$7.6 M.

Explanation of State Revenues:

Explanation of Local Expenditures:

Explanation of Local Revenues: This bill permits a local taxing unit to recoup borrowing costs from the DLGF if it had to borrow money in 2007 to support current operations due to a DLGF-ordered reassessment of the 2006 assessment of real property. The reimbursement does not apply to the principal borrowed. The claim must be filed with the DLGF not later than June 15, 2010, and it may include all loan-associated costs incurred before July 1, 2010.

There are two fiscal impacts associated with this bill. The first is whether there were units that do not usually borrow but had to due to the time line created by the reassessment.

The second is whether units that regularly use tax anticipation warrants incurred additional interest costs since tax proceeds were not available as planned. There are two counties (Marion and Posey) that could probably be impacted by this bill. There is a third county (LaPorte) whose 2007 tax rates were voided. However, the county was directed to redo its 2006 reassessment in May 2008 and does not fall under the requirements of this bill.

At the end of 2007, school corporations in Marion County had a total of \$71 M in temporary loans outstanding, nearly all of which were due to the reassessment. School corporations in Posey county had outstanding loans of approximately \$3 M at the end of 2007.

In June 2007, the Indianapolis Bond Bank issued approximately \$135 M in tax anticipation warrants to cover operating expenses in Marion County because of the reassessment. The Bond Bank issued another \$276 M in December 2007, which were used to rollover the notes issued in June. Mount Vernon City, Posey County, covered most its shortfall in 2007 from interfund transfers and did not incur any interest costs. The city issued tax anticipation warrants in 2008.

Background: In 2006, DLGF conducted a full review, including the holding of public hearings, on the assessment procedures in each county. As a result of this review, 18 counties were directed to review the assessment of commercial and/or industrial properties, and one county was directed to review all real property. In these counties, taxpayers were still liable to pay their original 2007 tax bills. Additionally, three counties (Marion, LaPorte, and Posey) were directed to reassess all real property (Posey County was given the option of eliminating residential property from its review) and their pay 2007 tax rates were voided. Taxpayers in Marion and Posey Counties were required to pay the taxes they paid in 2006 until the reassessment was completed and reconciliation bills sent out.

The final reconciliation bills in Marion and Posey Counties for taxes payable in 2007 were mailed out in June 2008, so it can be assumed that any extra loans they took out would have been for about one year.

In Marion County, school corporations, through the Indianapolis Bond Bank, usually issue tax anticipation warrants at the beginning of the calendar year and pay back the loan when they receive their property tax revenue in May and November. When the 2007 tax rates were voided, schools were forced to borrow additional funds because they had not received the property taxes that would have been used to pay the warrants.

State Agencies Affected: DLGF, State Auditor.

Local Agencies Affected: Local taxing units.

Information Sources: 2007 Audit Financial Statements, Indianapolis Local Public Improvement Bank; Cristi Wolfe, Clerk-Treasurer, 812-838-3317, Mount Vernon, Posey County.

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